DEC STANDARD 164 REV. A

GRAPHIC CHARACTER SET OF ASCII

TITLE: SOFTWARE USE OF THE GRAPHIC CHARACTER SET OF ASCII

ABSTRACT: This standard defines the subset of the ASCII graphic character set to used by DEC software products. This standard is DEC Standard Category C, Revision 0.

FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY

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TABLE OF CONTENTS/REVISION STATUS

Subhead	Title	Revision	Page
	Title Page	11-Jun-81	1
	Table of Contents/Revision Status	11-Jun-81	2
1	INTRODUCTION	11-Jun-81	3
1.1	PURPOSE SCOPE	11-Jun-81 11-Jun-81	3 3 3
1.3	RESPONSIBILITIES REFERENCED AND RELATED STANDARDS	11-Jun-81 11-Jun-81	3
1.5	CONFORMANCE	11-Jun-81	4
2	DEFINITION OF THE STANDARD		
2.1	GRAPHIC CHARACTERS AND THEIR NAMES GRAPHIC CHARACTERS INCLUDED IN THIS	11-Jun-81 11-Jun-81	5
2.2	STANDARD SPECIAL CASE OF THE NUMBER SIGN	11-Jun-81	7
2.3	GRAPHICS EXCLUDED FROM THIS STANDARD	11-Jun-81	7
APPENDIX	A. EXAMPLES OF NATIONAL USE POSITIONS	11-Jun-81	8



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

The expansion of DEC's activities in the international merketplace makes it increasingly important that we manufacture products that can be used without extensive adaptation with the various national character sets and keyboards.

DEC products have traditionally used the entire ASCII character set including those character positions reserved for national use. In other countries tness characters have different graphics although they are represented by the same binary code. Some of them are used for alphabetic characters with discritical marks (in some countries the collating sequence is changed as well.) In addition, the characters in the ASCII national use positions are the ones least likely to be found on keyboards manufactured by other vendors.

The purpose of this standard is to assure that software products and documentation can be used internationally without modification to the character set given special semantic meaning in the product, e.g. the character set used as delimiters in a command or programming language.

1.2 SCOPE

This standard defines the subset of the ASCII graphic character set that can be assigned specific semantic meaning by DEC software products. It also gives the names of the character to be used in documentation.

The semantic meaning assigned to the characters is not defined. The coding of these characters is defined in ANSI X3.4-1977, <u>American</u> Standard Code for Information Interchange.

This standard does not apply to the contents of user defined character strings, user defined constants or variables, or user defined data.

1.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

This standard should be used when implementing new software products or when extending existing software products.



1.4 REFERENCED AND RELATED STANDARDS

ANSI X3.4-1977	American Standard Code for Information Interchange.
ISO 646-1973	7-Bit Coded Character Set for Information Processing Interchange, International Reference Version
CCITT V.3	International Alphabet No. 5
ANSI X3.41-1974	Code Extension Techniques for Use with the 7-Bit Coded Character Set of American Standard Code for Information Interchange.
ANSI X3.64-1979	Additional Controls for Use with American National Standard Code for Information Interchange
DEC STD 051	Coded Character Set
DEC STD 107	Digital Standard for Terminal Keyboards

1.5 CONFORMANCE

This standard applies to all new DEC software products and extensions to existing products.

A conforming product is one that does not assign specific semantic meaning to any of the characters of subhead 2.3 except when:

- a. Compatibility with existing products is required, or
- b. Conformance to ANS1, ISO, or other national/international standards requires their use.

If compatibility or conformance restraints require the use of an ASCII national use character, the implementation will also support either an equivalent character or (characters) from subheed 3.1 or an equivalent keyword. (For example, in WS DCL the characters 4 and > may be used in a directory specification in place of the national use characters documentation. Division characters or keyword will appear in user documentation.

When making new extensions to existing products, the developer should attempt to reserve a character or digraph from the list under subhead 2.1 for any national use position character currently in use.



2 DEFINITION OF THE STANDARD GRAPHIC CHARACTERS AND THEIR NAMES

2.1 GRAPHIC CHARACTERS INCLUDED IN THIS STANDARD

In the table that follows, the graphic and name for each character are given on the left. The right hand column indicates the ourrent use of the character in DCL. The right hand column is NOT part of this standard. Implementors are, however, encouraged to remain compatible with the DCL usage when designing a new product.

Graphic ASCII Name		Current DCL Usage	
	space	Parameter delimiter	
ł	exclamation point	Comment delimiter	
•	quotation marks (Note 2)	Character string delimiter, used for accounting information in node names	
Ş	dollar sign	Beginning of command, used in system file specifications and system command language variable references	
8	percent sign	Precedes a keyword for DIGITAL defined features such as octal and hex numbers, name of file to be included, etc. Single wildcard character	
â	ampersand	Execution time substitution operator	
,	apostrophe (Note 2)	Substitution operator	
C	opening parenthesis	Start of a qualifier value list, indication of precedence in an arithmetic expression, start of an argument list	
)	closing parenthesis	End of a qualifier value list, indication of precedence in an arithmetic expression, end of an argument list	

Table 1



DEC STD 164

Gr	aphic ASCII Name	Current DCL Usage
*	asterisk	Wildcard in a file specification, multiplication or expenentition in an arithmetic expression, abb viation marker in symbol definition.
+	plus	A unary or infix operator in an arithmetic expression, file concatenation operator, relative position or time.
,	comma (Note 2)	Used to separate items in a qualifier or parameter list.
-	hyphen or minus	Indication that command will be continued on the next line, a unary or infix operator in an arithmetic expression, a directory searching wild character, used in dates and times.
•	period or decimal point	File type and version delimiter in a file specification, operator delimiter in an arithmetic expression, decimal point.
/	slash (Note 1)	Qualifier delimiter, devision in an arithmetic expression
:	colon	Used to delimit device name, node name (two colons), statement label, qualifier value, and as part of the assignment operator in string assignment range and time delimiter
;	semicolon	Version number delimiter in a file specification
<	less than	Start of a directory specification
-	equals	Delimits beginning of a qualifier value, assignment operator
>	greater than	End of a directory specification
?	question mark	Reserved for future help facility

Table 1 (Cont'd)

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Graphic ASCII Name		Current DCL Usage	
-	underline	Permitted character in user lefined names, proceeding a file specification it indicates that logical name translation is not to be attempted	
A-Z	uppercase letters		
a-z	lowercase letters		
ð-9	digits @ through 9		

Table 1 (Cont'd)

Notes to Yable 1

- The ASCII name for this character is slant.
- Three characters have alternate names which are not generally used, but may be used if appropriate. These are:

comma	cedilla
quotation marks	dieresis
apostrophe	closing single
	quotation mark

2.2 SPECIAL CASE OF THE NUMBER SIGN

The graphic 1, number sign, may be used only if none of the above characters is available and if replacing it by British pound sterling sign would not inhibit use of the product. (These two graphics always have the same character code and occupy the same position on keyboards.)

2.3 GRAPHICS EXCLUDED FROM THIS STANDARD

The following ASCII characters are reserved for national use graphics, that is codes whose graphics are assigned on a country by country basis.



Graphic	ASCII Name
a	commercial at
[opening bracket
1	reverse slant
1 I	closing bracket
1	opening brace
i	closing brace
- E	vertical line
*	circumflex
•	opening single quotation mark, accent grave
-	tilde

Note that the commercial at, \hat{e} , is used in DCL to indicate the invocation of an indirect command file and that opening bracket, [, and closing bracket,], are equivalent to the characters less than, < , and greater than, > , respectively.



APPENDIX A

EXAMPLE OF NATIONAL USE POSITION

The following table gives the ASCII national use position character and the character that has the same binary code in Germany and France.

See DEC STD 107, Digital Standard for Perminal Keyboards, for the keyboard arrangements used in other countries.

ASCII	FRANCE	GERMANY
e (a grave accent degree symbol c cedilla	section sign A umlaut O umlaut U umlaut
1	section sign	0 umraut
{ }	e acute accent u grave accent e grave accent dieresis	a umlaut u umlaut u umlaut sharp s

